

Public Law 101-330
101st Congress

An Act

To amend the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 to provide that the Secretary of Agriculture may not consider, in allocating amounts to a State agency under the special supplemental food program for women, infants, and children for the fiscal year 1991, any amounts returned by such agency for reallocation during the fiscal year 1990 and to allow amounts allocated to a State for such program for the fiscal year 1991 to be expended for expenses incurred in the fiscal year 1990.

July 12, 1990
[H.R. 5149]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT TO THE CHILD NUTRITION ACT OF 1966.

Section 17(i) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786(i)) is amended at the end thereof by adding new subparagraphs (3) (E), (F) and (G) which read:

“(E) Notwithstanding any other provision in this paragraph and paragraph (2) a State agency may, subject to the approval of the Secretary under subparagraph (F), expend not more than 3 percent of the amount of funds allocated to such agency for supplemental foods for the fiscal year 1991 for expenses incurred under this section for supplemental foods during the fiscal year 1990.

“(F) Each State agency which intends to use the authority provided in subparagraph (E) shall request approval from the Secretary in advance and shall submit a plan showing how the State’s caseload will be managed to meet funding limitations. The Secretary shall review and make determinations on such plans on an expedited basis.

“(G) No State can use the authority provided under subparagraph (E) to increase the caseload level above the highest level to date in fiscal year 1990.”.

Approved July 12, 1990.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 5149:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 136 (1990):
June 28, considered and passed House and Senate.